# Special Inventory PENALTIES FINES & MORE PENALTIES James Guest

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## Special Inventory Tax History

- The central appraisal district (CAD) was responsible to value inventory held by automobile, heavy equipment, trailer and boat dealers.
- They did so largely by counting the inventory then multiplying the total number by the average cost.
- ▶ This required them to find the cars on January 1st

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# History Continued...

- Texas Automobile Dealers Association Lobbied for change!
- There were several problems with the former method of calculating inventory such as:
  - ➤ The manufacturers would send cars to Dealers, and the Dealers had no control of how many vehicles they would have on January 1.
  - Some Dealers would hide cars making it unfair to those who paid taxes on their inventory.
  - ▶ Other business inventory was not counted on January 1.

# Special Inventory Tax Now

- ► Texas Legislature enacted laws that identify Special Inventory Dealers and place the burden on those Dealers to provide inventory to both the Chief Appraiser and the Tax Assessor Collector.
- ▶ These new laws are more fair to the Dealers, but failure not to properly adhere to these new laws have strict and hefty penalties.

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# **What is Special Inventory**

- ► Motor Vehicle Inventory

  ► Property Tax Code §23.121, §23.122, and §23.123
- Vessel and Outboard Motor Inventory

  ▶ Property Tax Code §23.124, §23.125, and §23.126
- Heavy Equipment Inventory

  Property Tax Code §23.1241, §23.1242, and §23.1243

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# Who Files Special Inventory Motor Vehicle Inventory 23.121(a)(3)

- ▶ Vessel and Outboard Motor Inventory 23.124(a)(3)
- ► Heavy Equipment Inventory 23.1241(a)(1)
- Manufactured Housing Retailers 23.127(a)(1)

  - ...is engaged in the business of buying for resale, selling, or exchanging manufactured homes or affering manufactured homes for sale or exchange to consumers, including a person who maintains a location for the display of manufactured homes; and (B) sels or exchanges at least two manufactured homes to consumers in a (B) resolution produced.

#### **Annual Declaration**

- 23.121 (f) ... not later than February 1 of each year...each dealer shall file a declaration with the chief appraiser and file a copy with the collector. The declaration is sufficient to comply with this subsection if it sets forth the following information:

  - (2) each of the dealer's general distinguishing numbers issued by the Texas Department of Transportation:

  - (4) the market value of the dealer's motor vehicle inventory for the current tax year as computed under Section 23.121(b) of this code.

Vessels and Outboard Motors 23.124, Heavy Equipment 23.1241, Manufactured Housing 23.127, Motor Vehicles 23.121, Motor Vehicles 23.121

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### Monthly Statement (Monthly Report)

- dealer shall complete the form with respect to each motor vehicle sold. A dealer may use no other form for that purpose.

- a description of the motor vehicle sold;

   the soles price of the motor vehicle;

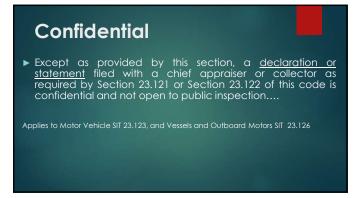
   the soles price of the motor vehicle;

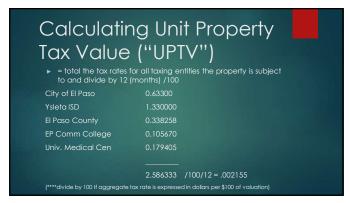
   the unit property tax of the motor vehicle if any; and

   the reason no unit property tax is assigned if no unit property tax is assigned.

Motor Vehicles 23.122, Heavy Equipment 23.1242, Manufactured Housing 23.129, Vessels and Outboard Motors 23.125







#### Market Value

- ▶ Market value is total annual sales less sales to dealers, fleet transactions and subsequent sales, from the dealer's motor vehicle inventory for the previous 12-month period corresponding to the prior tax year divided by 12.
- ▶ Total annual sales is the total of the sales price from every sale from a dealer's motor vehicle inventory for a 12-month period.

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### Calculating SIT Taxes

- ▶ UPTV x Market Value / 12 = SIT
- Pre Payment of Taxes
  - ► Taxes are pre-paid each month
  - ➤ Taxes are delinquent if not paid by January 31 of the subsequent year taxes are levied
  - \*\*\*Please note there are no current year taxes due for Dealers who open their doors after January 1
  - \*\*\*Taxes are due ONLY for Dealers who are open on January 1 of current tax year, and who have prior year sales

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#### Example 1 (Dealer opens doors 2017)

- Motor Vehicle Dealer opens her doors on January 2, 2017
- Dealer must submit (to chief appraiser and collector) an Annual Declaration within 30 days of opening business (23.121(b))
- Dealer must submit (to chief appraiser and collector) a Statement by February 10 (if no cars sold, then must be stated on Statement); (each subsequent month a Statement must be filed by the 10<sup>th</sup> day of the month(23.121(f))
- \*\*\*No taxes are due each month the Dealer was in business his first year, but a monthly Statement must be filed

### Example 1 Continued... (2018)

- ▶ Dealer must file a new Declaration by February 1
- Dealer's SIT taxes are levied against Dealer on January 1, 2018, which is determined by the Chief Appraiser using sales data of Dealer from the prior year (23.121(c))
- Dealer must submit monthly statement and prepay taxes against each vehicle sold by 10<sup>th</sup> day of each month. (Dealer typically passes this cost onto each purchaser of a vehicle).

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#### Example 1 Continued... (2019)

- ▶ On January 1, 2019 taxes are levied
- If there is a deficit, 2018 taxes are delinquen
   February 1, 2019
  - Any overage is distributed to taxing entities (23.122(k))
- ▶ Declaration must be filed by February 1, 2019
- Statement and monthly pre-paid taxes are due by 10<sup>th</sup> of each month

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# SIT Fines & Penalties

- ▶ Declaration Late Filing Fine
- ▶ Declaration Late Filing Penalty
- ▶ Statement Late Filing Fine
- ▶ Statement Late Filing Penalty
- ► Escrow Late Payment Penalty
- ▶ Inspection of Documentation Fine



### **SIT Timeline and Deadlines**

- February 1: Declaration must be filed (23.122)

  Declars that open a business after January 1 must file a declaration 30 days from commencing business
- ▶ 10<sup>th</sup> of the month statement must be filed <u>and</u> taxes paid (23.122)

  - VehiclesOutboard Motors
  - Vessels
- ▶ 20th of the month statement must be filed <u>and</u> taxes paid (23.1242)

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#### **Annual Declaration Fines & Penalties**

- misdemeanor punishable by a fine not to exceed \$500. Each
- property to secure payment of the penalty... A penalty forfeited under this subsection is \$1,000 for each month or

Late Fili	ing of Declaration
Misdemea	nors, Fines & Penalties
·	Motor Vehicles 23.121(i),(k)
	Vessels and Outboard Motors 23.124(i),(k)
	Manufactured Housing 23.127(i),(k)
	Heavy Equipment 23.1241 (j)
	▶ <u>NO</u> Misdemeanor

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# Who Collects Annual Declaration Late Filing Penalty Vessel and Outboard Motor 23.124(k) Image: Mark to the dealer's business personal property to secure payment of the penalty. Image: Mark to the dealer's business personal property to secure payment of the penalty. Image: Mark to the dealer's business personal property to secure payment of the penalty. Image: Mark to the dealer's business personal property to secure payment of the penalty established by this section in the name of the chief appraiser or collector. St.000 monthly penalty (delinquent any part of the month)

# Who Collects Annual Declaration Late Filing Penalty Heavy Equipment 23.1241(j) ▶ ...A tax lien attaches to the dealer's business personal property to secure payment of the penalty. ▶ ...The appropriate district attorney, criminal district attorney, or county attorney may collect the penalty established by this section in the name of the collector. ▶ The chief appraiser may collect the penalty in the name of the chief appraiser. ▶ The chief appraiser or the appropriate district attorney, criminal district attorney, or county attorney may sue to enforce compliance with this section.

\$1,000 monthly penalty (delinquent any part of the month)

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# Who Collects Annual Declaration Late Filing Penalty Retail Manufactured Housing 23.127(k) ► ...A <u>lien</u> attaches to the retailer's business personal property to secure payment of the penalty. ► ...The appropriate district attorney, criminal district attorney, county attorney, chief appraiser, <u>or</u> <u>person designated by the chief appraiser</u> shall <u>collect</u> the penalty established by this section <u>in</u> the name of the chief appraiser.

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# **Statement Fines & Penalties**

- .. is <u>a misdemeanor</u> punishable by <u>a fine</u> not to exceed <u>\$100</u>. <u>Each</u> day during which a dealer fails to comply with the terms of this
- section shall forfeit  $\underline{a}$  penalty. ...The appropriate district attorney, criminal district attorney, county attorney, collector, or person designated by the collector shall collect the penalty established by this section  $\underline{\text{in the name of the collector}}. \dots$  A penalty forfeited under this subsection is  $\underline{\textbf{\$500 for each month or part of a month}}$  in which a

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# Late Filing of Statement Misdemeanors, Fines & Penalties Motor Vehicles 23.122(m),(n) Misdemeanar (\$100 Fine a day until filed) \$500 Penalty each month until filed (Tax Lien BPP) Misdemeanor (\$100 Fine a day until filed) \$500 Penalty each month until filed (Tax Lien BPP) ► Heavy Equipment 23.1242(m)

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# Escrow Payment Penalties

Prepayment Escrow Account
VIT/SIT vehicle (23.122(b), vessels and outboard inventory 23.25(b), Manufactured Housing Retailers (23.128(b)  23.122 (b)
<ul> <li>On or before the 10th day of each month the owner shall, together with the statement</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>deposit with the collector a sum equal to the total of unit property tax assigned to all motor vehicles sold from the dealer's motor vehicle inventory in the prior month to which a unit property tax was assigned</li> </ul>
• 23.122 (c)
<ul> <li>The collector is not required to maintain a separate account in</li> </ul>

# Prepayment Escrow Account HEAVY EQUIPMENT (THE EXCEPTION) 23.1242 (b) ....On or before the 20th day of each month the owner shall, together with the statement ....deposit with the collector an amount equal to the total of unit property tax assigned to all items of heavy equipment sold, leased, or rented from the dealer's heavy equipment inventory in the preceding month to which a unit property tax was assigned...

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# Non-Payment of Escrow Taxes Penalties An owner who fails to remit unit property taxes due as required by this section shall pay a penalty of five percent of the amount due. If the amount due is not paid within 10 days after the due date, the owner shall pay an additional penalty of five percent of the amount due. Notwithstanding the terms of this section, unit property taxes paid on or before January 31 of the year following the date on which they are due are not delinquent. The collector, the collector's designated agent, or the county or district attorney shall enforce the terms of this subsection. A penalty under this subsection is in addition to any other penalty provided by low if the owner's taxes are delinquent.

Non-Payment of Escrow Taxes  Penalties	
► Motor Vehicles 23.122(o)	
▶ 5% Additional Penalty if not paid by 11 <sup>th</sup> of the month	
→ +5% Additional Penalty if not paid by the 21 <sup>st</sup> of the month	
➤ Vessels and Outboard Motors 23.125(o)	
► 5% Additional Penalty if not paid by 11 <sup>th</sup> of the month	
→ +5% Additional Penalty if not paid by the 21 <sup>st</sup> of the month	
► Manufactured Housing 23.128(n)	
► 5% Additional Penalty if not paid by 11 <sup>th</sup> of the month	
→ +5% Additional Penalty if not paid by the 21 <sup>st</sup> of the month	
► Heavy Equipment 23.1242(n)	
► 5% Additional Penalty if not paid by 21 <sup>th</sup> of the month	
→ +5% Additional Penalty if not paid until after 31 <sup>st</sup> day of the month	
Note: Tex. Frop. Tax Code 1.06: If the last day for the performance of an act is a Saturday, Sunday, or legal state or national holiday, the act is timely it performed on the next regular business day.	

### **Escrow Account Interest**

- ▶ The collector shall retain any interest generated by the escrow account to defray the cost of administration of the prepayment procedure established by this section. Interest generated by an escrow account created as provided by this section is the <u>sole property of the collector</u> and may not be used by an entity other than the collector. <u>Interest generated by an escrow account may not be used to reduce or otherwise affect the annual appropriation to the collector that would otherwise be made.</u>
- Applies to ALL SIT
  - 23.122 (c) Motor Vehicle Inventory
  - 23.1242(c) Heavy Equipment Dealers
  - ▶ 23.125(c) Vessel and Outboard Motor Inventory
  - 23.128(c) Manufactured Housing Retailer.

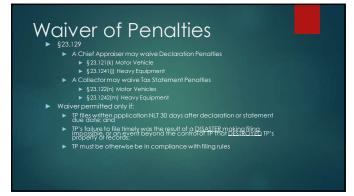
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# Whose Money?

Late Filing of Statement and Escrow Payments Motor Vehicles 23.122(p), Heavy Equipment 23.1242(p), Manufactured Housing Retailers 23.128(c)

- <u>Fines collected</u> pursuant to the authority of this section shall be deposited in the county depository to the credit of the <u>general fund</u>. 23.122 (p)
- ▶ ... Penalties collected... are the sole property of the collector, may be used by no entity other than the collector, and may not be used to reduce or otherwise affect the annual appropriation to the collector that would otherwise be made.







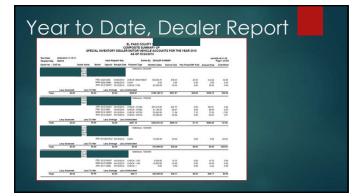
# Fines & Penalty Collection Issues

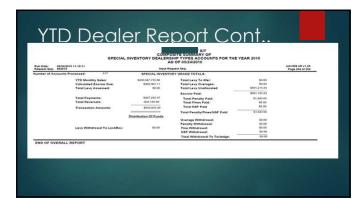
- ▶ Who will collect?
- ► How do we track delinquencies?
- ▶ Does my collection software have a SIT module?
- ▶ Should letters be mailed?
- ▶ If so, who mails the letters
- ▶ Due process concerns
- ► Does Waiver of penalties apply ?

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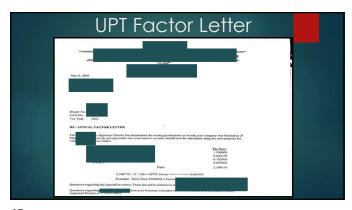
# Run Reports Collection Software VIT/SIT collection modules Run year to date dealer reports Print letters

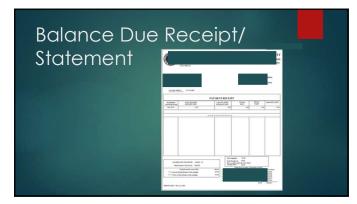
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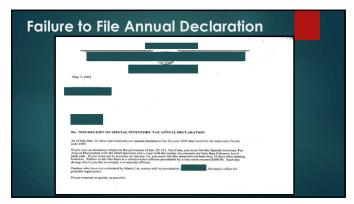


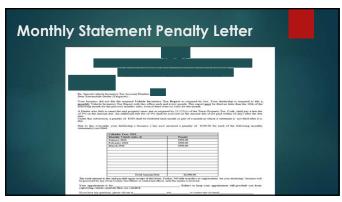


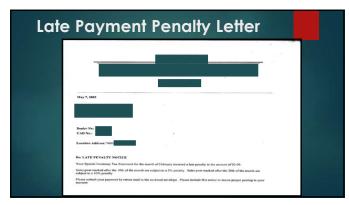








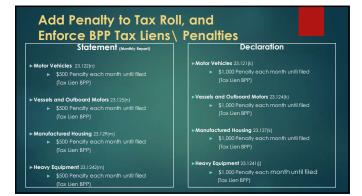








# Add Late Filing Penalty To Tax Roll Penalty tax liens can be enforced the same as other delinquent business personal property accounts.





Property Tax Code
<ul> <li>Relevant code dealing with special inventory specifically is found in</li> </ul>
§23, Subchapter B of the Texas Property Tax Code
► Comptroller website https://comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax/special-inventory.php

